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* * * * * Welcome to STN International * * * * *

NEWS	1		Web Page URLs for STN Seminar Schedule - N. America
NEWS	2		"Ask CAS" for self-help around the clock
NEWS	3	Feb 24	PCTGEN now available on STN
NEWS	4	Feb 24	TEMA now available on STN
NEWS	5	Feb 26	NTIS now allows simultaneous left and right truncation
NEWS	6	Feb 26	PCTFULL now contains images
NEWS	7	Mar 04	SDI PACKAGE for monthly delivery of multifile SDI results
NEWS	8	Mar 24	PATDPAFULL now available on STN
NEWS	9	Mar 24	Additional information for trade-named substances without structures available in REGISTRY
NEWS	10	Apr 11	Display formats in DGENE enhanced
NEWS	11	Apr 14	MEDLINE Reload
NEWS	12	Apr 17	Polymer searching in REGISTRY enhanced
NEWS	13	AUG 15	Indexing from 1937 to 1946 added to records in CA/CAPLUS
NEWS	14	Apr 21	New current-awareness alert (SDI) frequency in WPIDS/WPINDEX/WPIX
NEWS	15	Apr 28	RDISCLOSURE now available on STN
NEWS	16	May 05	Pharmacokinetic information and systematic chemical names added to PHAR
NEWS	17	May 15	MEDLINE file segment of TOXCENTER reloaded
NEWS	18	May 15	Supporter information for ENCOMPPAT and ENCOMPLIT updated
NEWS	19	May 19	Simultaneous left and right truncation added to WSCA
NEWS	20	May 19	RAPRA enhanced with new search field, simultaneous left and right truncation
NEWS	21	Jun 06	Simultaneous left and right truncation added to CBNB
NEWS	22	Jun 06	PASCAL enhanced with additional data
NEWS	23	Jun 20	2003 edition of the FSTA Thesaurus is now available
NEWS	24	Jun 25	HSDB has been reloaded
NEWS	25	Jul 16	Data from 1960-1976 added to RDISCLOSURE
NEWS	26	Jul 21	Identification of STN records implemented
NEWS	27	Jul 21	Polymer class term count added to REGISTRY
NEWS	28	Jul 22	INPADOC: Basic index (/BI) enhanced; Simultaneous Left and Right Truncation available
NEWS	29	AUG 05	New pricing for EUROPATFULL and PCTFULL effective August 1, 2003
NEWS	30	AUG 13	Field Availability (/FA) field enhanced in BEILSTEIN
NEWS	31	AUG 15	PATDPAFULL: one FREE connect hour, per account, in September 2003
NEWS	32	AUG 15	PCTGEN: one FREE connect hour, per account, in September 2003
NEWS	33	AUG 15	RDISCLOSURE: one FREE connect hour, per account, in September 2003
NEWS	34	AUG 15	TEMA: one FREE connect hour, per account, in September 2003
NEWS	35	AUG 18	Data available for download as a PDF in RDISCLOSURE
NEWS	36	AUG 18	Simultaneous left and right truncation added to PASCAL
NEWS	37	AUG 18	FROSTI and KOSMET enhanced with Simultaneous Left and Right Truncation

NEWS 38 AUG 18 Simultaneous left and right truncation added to ANABSTR

NEWS EXPRESS April 4 CURRENT WINDOWS VERSION IS V6.01a, CURRENT
MACINTOSH VERSION IS V6.0b(ENG) AND V6.0Jb(JP),
AND CURRENT DISCOVER FILE IS DATED 01 APRIL 2003
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NEWS WWW CAS World Wide Web Site (general information)

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=> s retroelement?
L1 1019 RETROELEMENT?

=> s l1 and plant?
L2 375 L1 AND PLANT?

=> s l2 and reverse transcriptase
L3 138 L2 AND REVERSE TRANSCRIPTASE

=> s l3 and athila
L4 3 L3 AND ATHILA

=> dup rem l4
PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L4
L5 3 DUP REM L4 (0 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> d 1-3 ti

L5 ANSWER 1 OF 3 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
TI Nucleic acids related to **plant retroelements** and
Athilla **retroelements** from Arabidopsis thaliana

L5 ANSWER 2 OF 3 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. on STN
TI Athila4 of Arabidopsis and Calypso of soybean define a lineage of
endogenous **plant** retroviruses.

L5 ANSWER 3 OF 3 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. on STN
TI Envelope-class retrovirus-like elements are widespread, transcribed and
spliced, and insertionally polymorphic in **plants**.

=> d 1-3 ti

L5 ANSWER 1 OF 3 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
TI Nucleic acids related to **plant retroelements** and
Athilla retroelements from Arabidopsis thaliana

L5 ANSWER 2 OF 3 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. on STN
TI Athila4 of Arabidopsis and Calypso of soybean define a lineage of
endogenous **plant retroviruses**.

L5 ANSWER 3 OF 3 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. on STN
TI Envelope-class retrovirus-like elements are widespread, transcribed and
spliced, and insertionally polymorphic in **plants**.

=> d 1-3 ab

L5 ANSWER 1 OF 3 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
AB The invention provides a family of **plant retrovirus** elements as
well as nucleic acids, vectors, and polypeptides relating to those
retroelements. More particularly, the invention provides nucleic
acids of **retroelements** from distinct **Athila** families
from Arabidopsis thaliana, designated Athila4-Athila9. Athila4
retroelements were cloned and sequences from Arabidopsis thaliana
and consensus **retroelement** were constructed.

L5 ANSWER 2 OF 3 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. on STN
AB The **Athila retroelements** of Arabidopsis thaliana
encode a putative envelope gene, suggesting that they are infectious
retroviruses. Because most insertions are highly degenerate, we undertook
a comprehensive analysis of the A. thaliana genome sequence to discern
their conserved features. One family (Athila4) was identified whose
members are largely intact and share >94% nucleotide identity. As a basis
for comparison, related elements (the Calypso elements) were characterized
from soybean. Consensus Calypso and Athila4 elements are 12-14 kb in
length and have long terminal repeats of 1.3-1.8 kb. Gag and Pol are
encoded on a single open reading frame (ORF) of 1801 (Calypso) and 1911
(Athila4) amino acids. Following the Gag-Pol ORF are noncoding regions of
approx 0.7 and 2 kb, which, respectively, flank the env-like gene. The
env-like ORF begins with a putative splice acceptor site and encodes a
protein with a predicted central transmembrane domain, similar to
retroviral env genes. RNA of **Athila** elements was detected in an
A. thaliana strain with decreased DNA methylation (ddml). Additionally, a
PCR survey identified related reverse transcriptases in diverse angiosperm
genomes. Their ubiquitous nature and the potential for horizontal transfer
by infection implicates these endogenous retroviruses as important
vehicles for **plant** genome evolution.

L5 ANSWER 3 OF 3 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. on STN
AB Retrotransposons and retroviruses share similar intracellular life cycles
and major encoded proteins, but retrotransposons lack the envelope (env)
critical for infectivity. Retrotransposons are ubiquitous and abundant in
plants and active retroviruses are known in animals. Although a
few env-containing **retroelements**, gypsy-like **Athila**,
Cyclops, and Calypso and copia-like SIRE-1, have been identified in
plants, the general presence and functionality of the domain
remains unclear. We show here that env-class elements are present
throughout the flowering **plants** and are widely transcribed.

Within the grasses, we show the transcription of the env domain itself for Bagy-2 and related retrotransposons, all members of the **Athila** group. Furthermore, Bagy-2 transcripts undergo splicing to generate a subgenomic env product as do those of retroviruses. Transcription and the polymorphism of their insertion sites in closely related barley cultivars suggests that at least some are propagationally active. The putative ENV polypeptides of Bagy-2 and rice Rigy-2 contain predicted leucine zipper and transmembrane domains typical of retroviral ENVs. These findings raise the prospect of active retroviral agents among the **plants**.

=> d 1-3 so

L5 ANSWER 1 OF 3 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
SO PCT Int. Appl., 161 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2

L5 ANSWER 2 OF 3 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. on STN
SO Genome Research, (January, 2002) Vol. 12, No. 1, pp. 122-131.
<http://www.genome.org/>. print.
ISSN: 1088-9051.

L5 ANSWER 3 OF 3 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. on STN
SO Genome Research, (December, 2001) Vol. 11, No. 12, pp. 2041-2049.
<http://www.genome.org/>. print.
ISSN: 1088-9051.

=> d pi

L5	ANSWER 1 OF 3	CAPLUS	COPYRIGHT 2003	ACS on STN	
	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
PI	WO 2003050259	A2	20030619	WO 2002-US39397	20021210
	W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM			
	RW:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			

=> d 2-3 au

L5 ANSWER 2 OF 3 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. on STN
AU Wright, David A.; Voytas, Daniel F. (1)

L5 ANSWER 3 OF 3 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. on STN
AU Vicient, Carlos M.; Kalendar, Ruslan; Schulman, Alan H. (1)

=> s l3 and calypso?

L6 2 L3 AND CALYPSO?

=> d 1-2 t

'T' IS NOT A VALID FORMAT FOR FILE 'BIOSIS'

The following are valid formats:

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ABS ----- AB
 ALL ----- AN, DN, TI, AU, CS, PI, SO, NTE, DT, FS, LA, SL, AB,
 NCL, CC, BC, IT (CT, ST), CO, NA, GT, ORGN, RN, CN, GEN
 BIB ----- AN, DN, TI, AU, CS, PI, SO, NTE, DT, FS, LA, SL
 CBIB ----- AN, compressed bibliographic information
 DALL ----- ALL, delimited for post-processing
 IABS ----- ABS, with text label
 IALL ----- ALL, indented with text labels
 IBIB ----- BIB, indented with text labels
 IIND ----- IND, indented with text labels
 IND ----- NCL, CC, BC, IT (CT, ST), CO, NA, GT, ORGN, RN, CN, GEN
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L6 ANSWER 1 OF 2 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. on STN
 TI Athila4 of Arabidopsis and **Calyppo** of soybean define a lineage
 of endogenous **plant** retroviruses.

L6 ANSWER 2 OF 2 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. on STN
 TI Envelope-class retrovirus-like elements are widespread, transcribed and
 spliced, and insertionally polymorphic in **plants**.

=> s ((wright, d?) or (wright d?))/au
 L7 4966 ((WRIGHT, D?) OR (WRIGHT D?))/AU

=> s l7 and retroelement
 L8 1 L7 AND RETROELEMENT

=> del l8 y

=> s l7 and retroelement?
 L8 7 L7 AND RETROELEMENT?

=> dup rem l8
 PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L8
 L9 5 DUP REM L8 (2 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> d 1-5 tiu
 'TIU' IS NOT A VALID FORMAT

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L9 ANSWER 1 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
 TI Nucleic acids related to plant **retroelements** and Athilla
retroelements from Arabidopsis thaliana

L9 ANSWER 2 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 1
 TI Athila4 of Arabidopsis and Calypso of soybean define a lineage of
 endogenous plant retroviruses

L9 ANSWER 3 OF 5 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. on STN
 TI Plant **retroelements**.

L9 ANSWER 4 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
 TI Retroviruses in plants?

L9 ANSWER 5 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 2
 TI Tagging chromatin with retrotransposons: target specificity of the
 Saccharomyces Ty5 retrotransposon changes with the chromosomal
 localization of Sir3p and Sir4p

=> d pi

L9 ANSWER 1 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
 PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI WO 2003050259	A2	20030619	WO 2002-US39397	20021210
W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM			
RW:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			

=> d 3 pi

L9 ANSWER 3 OF 5 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. on STN
 PI US 6331662 December 18, 2001

=> d 4 so

L9 ANSWER 4 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
 SO Trends in Genetics (2000), 16(4), 151-152
 CODEN: TRGEE2; ISSN: 0168-9525

=> d 4 a

'A' IS NOT A VALID FORMAT

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REENTER DISPLAY FORMAT FOR ALL FILES (FILEDEFAULT):aab

'AAB' IS NOT A VALID FORMAT

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REENTER DISPLAY FORMAT FOR ALL FILES (FILEDEFAULT):ab

L9 ANSWER 4 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
AB A review with 15 refs. Eukaryotic genomes harbor mobile genetic elements known as long terminal repeat (LTR) retrotransposons. LTR retrotransposons are closely related to the infectious and endogenous retroviruses, and they are collectively referred to as LTR **retroelements**. This review discusses the possibility of these elements being retroviruses, and their possible use as plant cloning vectors, and also how these putative retroviruses contribute naturally to interspecies gene flow.

=>

=> dis his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 15:19:21 ON 19 AUG 2003)

FILE 'AGRICOLA, CAPLUS, BIOSIS' ENTERED AT 15:19:31 ON 19 AUG 2003

L1 1019 S RETROELEMENT?
L2 375 S L1 AND PLANT?
L3 138 S L2 AND REVERSE TRANSCRIPTASE
L4 3 S L3 AND ATHILA
L5 3 DUP REM L4 (0 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
L6 2 S L3 AND CALYPSO?
L7 4966 S ((WRIGHT, D?) OR (WRIGHT D?))/AU
L8 7 S L7 AND RETROELEMENT?
L9 5 DUP REM L8 (2 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> s ((voytas d?) or (voytas, d?))/au

L10 115 ((VOYTAS D?) OR (VOYTAS, D?))/AU

=> s l10 and retroelement?

L11 22 L10 AND RETROELEMENT?

=> dup rem l11

PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L11

L12 13 DUP REM L11 (9 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> d 1-13 ti

L12 ANSWER 1 OF 13 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
TI Nucleic acids related to plant **retroelements** and Athilla **retroelements** from Arabidopsis thaliana

L12 ANSWER 2 OF 13 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 1
TI The soybean **retroelement** SIRE1 uses stop codon suppression to express its envelope-like protein

L12 ANSWER 3 OF 13 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 2
TI Genes of the Pseudoviridae (Ty1/copia retrotransposons)

L12 ANSWER 4 OF 13 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 3
TI Athila4 of Arabidopsis and Calypso of soybean define a lineage of endogenous plant retroviruses

L12 ANSWER 5 OF 13 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. on STN
TI Plant **retroelements**.

L12 ANSWER 6 OF 13 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 4
TI Expression and processing of proteins encoded by the Saccharomyces retrotransposon Ty5

L12 ANSWER 7 OF 13 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

TI Retroviruses in plants?

L12 ANSWER 8 OF 13 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 5

TI Tagging chromatin with retrotransposons: target specificity of the Saccharomyces Ty5 retrotransposon changes with the chromosomal localization of Sir3p and Sir4p

L12 ANSWER 9 OF 13 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 6

TI The yeast retrotransposon Ty5 uses the anticodon stem-loop of the initiator methionine tRNA as a primer for reverse transcription

L12 ANSWER 10 OF 13 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 7

TI cDNA of the yeast retrotransposon Ty5 preferentially recombines with substrates in silent chromatin

L12 ANSWER 11 OF 13 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 8

TI High frequency cDNA recombination of the Saccharomyces retrotransposon Ty5: the LTR mediates formation of tandem elements

L12 ANSWER 12 OF 13 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

TI **Retroelements** in genome organization

L12 ANSWER 13 OF 13 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 9

TI Multiple molecular determinants for retrotransposition in a primer tRNA

=> d 2 so

L12 ANSWER 2 OF 13 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 1

SO EMBO Reports (2003), 4(3), 274-277
CODEN: ERMEAX; ISSN: 1469-221X

=> d 2 ab

L12 ANSWER 2 OF 13 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 1

AB The soybean SIRE1 family of Ty1/copia retrotransposons encodes an envelope-like gene (env-like). We analyzed the DNA sequences of nine SIRE1 insertions and obsd. that the gag/pol and env-like genes are in the same reading frame and sepd. by a single UAG stop codon. The six nucleotides immediately downstream of the stop codon conform to a degenerate nucleotide motif, CARYYA, which is sufficient to facilitate stop codon suppression in tobacco mosaic virus. In vivo stop codon suppression assays indicate that SIRE1 sequences confer leakiness to the UAG stop codon at an efficiency of 5%. These data suggest that SIRE1 retro-elements use translational suppression to express their envelope-like protein; this is in contrast with all characterized retroviruses, which express the envelope protein from a spliced genomic mRNA.

=> d 3 ab

L12 ANSWER 3 OF 13 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 2

AB A comprehensive survey of the Pseudoviridae (Ty1/copia) **retroelement** family was conducted using the GenBank sequence database and completed genome sequences of several model organisms. Plant genomes were the most abundant sources of Pseudoviridae, with the Arabidopsis thaliana genome having 276 distinct elements. A reverse transcriptase amino acid sequence phylogeny indicated that the Pseudoviridae comprises highly divergent members. Coding sequences for a representative subset of elements were analyzed to identify conserved domains and differences that may underlie functional divergence. With the exception of some fungal elements (e.g., Ty1), most Pseudoviridae encode

Gag and Pol on a single open reading frame. In addn. to the nearly ubiquitous RNA-binding motif of nucleocapsid, three new conserved domains were identified in Gag. Pol-encoded aspartic protease was similar to the retroviral enzyme and could be mapped onto the HIV-1 structure. Pol was highly conserved throughout the family. The greatest divergence among Pol sequences was seen in the C-terminus of integrase (IN). We defined a large motif (GKGY) after the IN catalytic domain that is unique to the Pseudoviridae. Addnl., the extreme C-terminus of IN is rich in simple sequence motifs. A distinct lineage of Pseudoviridae in plants have envlike genes. This lineage has undergone a large expansion of Gag characterized by an .alpha.-helix-rich domain contg. coiled-coil motifs. In several elements, this domain is flanked on both sides by RNA-binding domains. We propose that this monophyletic lineage defines a new Pseudoviridae genus, herein referred to as the Agrovirus.

=> d 3 so

L12 ANSWER 3 OF 13 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 2
SO Molecular Biology and Evolution (2002), 19(11), 1832-1845
CODEN: MBEVEO; ISSN: 0737-4038

=> d 12 ab

L12 ANSWER 12 OF 13 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
AB A review with 9 refs. on **retroelements** in maize, Arabidopsis thaliana and Saccharomyces cerevisiae genomes.

=> d 12 so

L12 ANSWER 12 OF 13 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
SO Science (Washington, D. C.) (1996), 274(5288), 737-738
CODEN: SCIEAS; ISSN: 0036-8075

WEST[Help](#)[Logout](#)[Interrupt](#)[Main Menu](#)[Search Form](#)[Posting Counts](#)[Show S Numbers](#)[Edit S Numbers](#)[Preferences](#)[Cases](#)**Search Results -**

Terms	Documents
14 and (gag or pol or env)	16

Database:

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US Pre-Grant Publication Full-Text Database
JPO Abstracts Database
EPO Abstracts Database
Derwent World Patents Index
IBM Technical Disclosure Bulletins

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side by side

Hit Count Set Name

result set

DB=USPT; PLUR=YES; OP=ADJ

<u>L5</u>	14 and (gag or pol or env)	16	<u>L5</u>
<u>L4</u>	13 and reverse transcriptase	27	<u>L4</u>
<u>L3</u>	11 and plant	34	<u>L3</u>
<u>L2</u>	L1 and plnat	0	<u>L2</u>
<u>L1</u>	retroelement	53	<u>L1</u>

END OF SEARCH HISTORY